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Programme planning

Proposed strategic framework for the period 2014-2015

Part two: biennial programme plan

Programme 4
Peacekeeping operations

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Overall orientation

4.1 The overall purpose of the programme is to support the maintenance of peace and security through the deployment of peacekeeping operations in accordance with and by authority derived from the principles and purposes of the Charter of the United Nations. The mandates of the programme are provided in relevant resolutions of the Security Council and the General Assembly.

4.2 The programme comprises the Department of Peacekeeping Operations and the Department of Field Support. The Department of Peacekeeping Operations closely coordinates four interdependent and complementary subprogrammes (operations, military, rule of law and security institutions, and policy, evaluation and training) and integrates cross-cutting responsibilities in support of peacekeeping operations and special political missions under its direction. The Department of Field Support coordinates two subprogrammes for the provision of administrative and logistics support services (field administrative support and integrated support services) to field-based peacekeeping and special political missions. The programme also comprises two peacekeeping missions: the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization and the United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan.

4.3 The Department of Peacekeeping Operations directs, manages and provides political and policy guidance and strategic direction to all operations under its responsibility, which comprise all traditional and multidimensional peacekeeping operations with military and/or police components and which may include elements of peacemaking and peacebuilding, as well as certain special political missions as determined by the Secretary-General.

4.4 The Department of Field Support provides administrative and logistical support services to United Nations peacekeeping operations, special political missions and other field presences as mandated, in the areas of human resources, finance and budget, conduct and discipline, logistics, and information and communications technology.

4.5 To implement the programme, the Department of Peacekeeping Operations and the Department of Field Support will work in an integrated and cohesive way through joint departmental decision-making bodies and shared resources under a unified vision, direction and set of guiding principles. The Departments will ensure an integrated United Nations approach in countries where peacekeeping missions and other operations led by the Department of Peacekeeping Operations are deployed alongside United Nations agencies, funds and programmes through the development of integrated planning that reflects a shared vision and agreement on common objectives and results as well as clarity of the respective roles and responsibilities of each entity. Both Departments will continue to pursue greater coordination with external peacekeeping partners, including international financial institutions and regional organizations, to enhance the ability of the international community to maintain peace and security. Sustainable progress on security, national reconciliation and development needs to occur in parallel, given the interconnected nature of those challenges in countries emerging from conflict. Regional and subregional approaches to peacekeeping and political strategies for multiple operations will also continue to be pursued when appropriate.

4.6 In that context, the Department of Peacekeeping Operations, the Department of Field Support and other engaged departments and organizations will plan and conduct

United Nations peacekeeping activities in a manner that facilitates post-conflict peacebuilding and the long-term prevention of the recurrence of armed conflict. To increase the programme's effectiveness, policy development on and evaluation of the application of peacekeeping best practices and lessons learned will continue, as will emphasis on greater unity of effort and tailored training for all peacekeeping personnel.

4.7 The Department of Peacekeeping Operations and the Department of Field Support will provide information to Member States on all phases of peacekeeping operations, paying particular attention to the requirements of troop- and police-contributing countries that need to make informed decisions about their engagement in United Nations peacekeeping. The programme will place emphasis on keeping Member States and other stakeholders informed of support issues in relation to all phases of operations. In an integrated manner, special attention will be given to the safety and security of personnel in the field, and careful consideration will be given to gender and geographical balance in the staffing of operations.

4.8 The Department of Peacekeeping Operations will continue to focus its efforts on strengthening mission planning and oversight; building policy consensus on the role of United Nations peacekeepers in protecting civilians and in performing early peacebuilding tasks, as well as on making peacekeeping more effective; and pursuing a capability-driven approach to identifying, developing and using peacekeeping resources.

4.9 Programme strategies and plans will be undertaken to establish, manage and direct peacekeeping operations and develop the capacities required to address a wide variety of conflict and post-conflict situations. A rapid and effective response to Security Council and General Assembly mandates is crucial for supporting the implementation of peace agreements between the parties to a conflict. Mandates may include monitoring ceasefires and buffer zones; disarming, demobilizing and reintegrating ex-combatants; reforming military establishments; training, advising and monitoring police forces; creating security conditions conducive to the return of refugees and internally displaced populations; promoting electoral and judicial reform and assisting civil administrations; facilitating political processes to consolidate peace and legitimate government authority; coordinating economic rehabilitation and mine-clearance programmes; and facilitating the delivery of humanitarian assistance. Missions may also be mandated to maintain law and order and assume responsibility for transitional administration or executive law enforcement, including criminal justice functions.

4.10 The Department of Field Support will continue its efforts to improve performance and cost-effectiveness in the integrated delivery of support to field-based missions through the implementation of the global field support strategy. The strategy, a five-year plan in effect to 30 June 2015, will provide a standardized framework for regional and global support to field missions to improve the timeliness, quality, efficiency and accountability of support operations. To achieve this objective, an integrated service delivery model that promotes greater accountability and transparency is being implemented, which will lead to a higher quality of service, streamlined business processes and improved working methods and result in the optimal use of resources and the realization of efficiency, including reduced staffing requirements.

4.11 The service delivery model will horizontally integrate administrative, logistics and information and communications technology services and will evolve away from the current "silo" approach. As a result, the Department of Field Support at Headquarters will increasingly focus its attention and resources on its strategic mission support planning and oversight roles and on functions involving interactions with Member States, particularly the troop- and police-contributing countries. The Department will be progressively divesting itself of many of its current day-to-day transactional responsibilities, which it will devolve as appropriate upon the Global Service Centre in Brindisi, Italy. At the end of this evolution, the Department of Field Support will be better positioned to fully deliver on its strategic mandate to conduct integrated mission support planning and performance measurement in coordination with its implementing partners in the Secretariat.

4.12 The service delivery model will provide for a fundamental shift in the existing division of labour in the planning and delivery of field support and, consequently, a relocation of functions to locations that are geographically closer to the supported field-based missions, through the transfer of the majority of operational and transactional functions from Headquarters to the global and regional service centres so as to improve responsiveness and more efficiently address the missions' day-to-day operational needs.

4.13 Under the programme, the Department of Peacekeeping Operations and the Department of Field Support will also provide substantive and technical support to the Special Committee on Peacekeeping Operations, including follow-up on decisions related to peacekeeping operations taken by the Security Council and the General Assembly. The Departments will implement the recommendations of the Special Committee, as endorsed by the Assembly.

A. Peacekeeping operations

Subprogramme 1
Operations

Objective of the Organization: To ensure the effective implementation of Security Council mandates to plan and establish peacekeeping operations, as well as the effective implementation of relevant General Assembly resolutions

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	Indicators of achievement
(a) Improved reporting to the Security Council, the General Assembly, other intergovernmental bodies and troop-contributing countries to enable fully informed decision-making on issues relating to peacekeeping	(a) (i) Recommendations for establishing new or implementing major adjustments to existing peacekeeping operations incorporated in resolutions of the Security Council, the General Assembly and other intergovernmental bodies
	(ii) 100 per cent of the reports of the Secretary-General to the Security Council reflect briefings with troop-contributing countries and members of the Security Council

(b) Effectively and efficiently managed peacekeeping operations	(b) (i) Percentage of integrated planning processes completed according to Security Council substantive and time requirements for establishing new or implementing adjustments to existing peacekeeping operations (ii) Issuance of integrated strategic frameworks for peacekeeping operations

Strategy

4.14 The Office of Operations will continue to perform its core functions of providing timely advice and analysis to the Security Council, the General Assembly, intergovernmental bodies and troop- and police-contributing and other contributing countries on peacekeeping issues and on the integrated planning and effective direction of and support for peacekeeping operations through the provision of policy, political and operational guidance.

4.15 The Office of Operations will serve as the locus of integration for planning and political and operational support to field operations. It will employ the integrated mission planning process policy with internal and external partners to establish and adjust operations and to ensure a fully integrated approach to the spectrum of peacekeeping, peacemaking and peacebuilding support activities, ensuring the stabilization of States in post-conflict situations. The integrated operational teams will be the central vehicle at United Nations Headquarters for the integrated planning and conduct of United Nations peacekeeping operations and special political missions. The Office of Operations will be responsible for establishing and managing the teams, bringing together expertise from the Department of Peacekeeping Operations, the Department of Field Support and other subject matter experts to provide integrated political and policy guidance for senior management on cross-cutting issues. The integrated operational teams will also provide a principal point of entry for troop- and police-contributing countries and partners on mission-specific issues, to engage in the planning and conduct of integrated peacekeeping operations. Building on initial context-specific cooperation with regional and subregional organizations, the Office of Operations will, in collaboration with the Policy, Evaluation and Training Division, develop operational relationships with relevant regional organizations to maximize crisis prevention and response. In particular, and in the light of capacity needs in conflict-prone areas, the Office will enhance and institutionalize support for and cooperation with African regional organizations. Best practices will be incorporated into the design, planning and implementation of new and existing missions, including by refining cross-cutting issues. Integrated mission information and operations units will be standardized in accordance with policy developments and will provide systematic and reliable mission risk assessments and longer-term analysis.

Subprogramme 2
Military

Objective of the Organization: To effectively implement the military aspects of Security Council mandates and effectively implement relevant General Assembly resolutions

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	Indicators of achievement
(a) Rapid deployment and establishment of peacekeeping operations in response to Security Council mandates	(a) (i) No longer than seven days needed to prepare military plans from the date a Security Council resolution is passed (ii) Official pledge requests to troop-contributing countries issued within five days of the date on which the list of potential troop-contributing countries is approved
(b) Increased efficiency and effectiveness of the military components of peacekeeping operations	(b) Implementation by peacekeeping operations of 100 per cent of military-related recommendations from end-of-assignment, visit, study and assessment reports endorsed by the Under-Secretary-General for Peacekeeping Operations

Strategy

4.16 Substantive responsibility for the subprogramme is vested in the Office of Military Affairs. The Office will continue to provide its best military advice to assist the Security Council, the General Assembly, other intergovernmental bodies and troop- and police-contributing countries to enable fully informed decision-making on issues related to peacekeeping. The Office will also endeavour to coordinate current mission-specific peacekeeping issues to ensure that all troop-contributing countries are updated and permit their contingents to be trained and prepared accordingly. The activities of the subprogramme will include the issuance of military strategic guidance documents and the preparation and update of operational plans for military components of peacekeeping operations, such as contingency plans for new, ongoing, consolidating or closing operations; the conduct of predeployment advisories and assessments; the generation, coordination and rotation of military contingents, individual military experts on mission, including observers, and Headquarters staff; daily monitoring of and support for military components of peacekeeping operations; and the contribution to peacekeeping training activities of the Department of Peacekeeping Operations and Member States deploying uniformed personnel, including the institutionalization of high standards of conduct and discipline.

4.17 The subprogramme will give special emphasis to supporting African regional peacekeeping military needs; strive for formalized arrangements with peacekeeping partners; encourage and increase the participation of female peacekeepers; assist regional organizations in their efforts to set up peacekeeping forces; formulate and issue cohesive military-related peacekeeping policies; introduce modern management

practices; increase synergy and cooperation between military and police components; continue to review the United Nations Standby Arrangements System and encourage Member States to participate in it; and enhance the capability of the military component to deploy rapidly during the start-up of a peacekeeping mission or during a crisis in existing peacekeeping missions.

4.18 The Office will enhance responsiveness to field missions, increasing the integration of the military perspective through military representatives on the integrated operational teams. Military representatives on the teams will draw upon the full capability and expertise of the Office of Military Affairs across the entire spectrum of military issues. Military representatives on the teams have the responsibility to represent the official position of the Office. The Office will coordinate weekly meetings with the military officers attached to the integrated operational teams.

Subprogramme 3
Rule of law and security institutions

Objective of the Organization: To enable rule of law and security institutions in post-conflict societies to develop sustainable capacities and services in full compliance with the Charter of the United Nations

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	Indicators of achievement
(a) More timely deployment and establishment of the rule of law and security components of peacekeeping operations in response to Security Council mandates	(a) (i) Initial deployment of police to new, adjusted or transitioning peacekeeping operations within 30 days of the adoption of a Security Council resolution (ii) Reduction in the number of days for deployment of core rule of law (justice and corrections) and mine action personnel after the adoption of a Security Council resolution
(b) Increased efficiency and effectiveness of the rule of law and security components of peacekeeping operations	(b) Increased number of integrated plans supported by police, justice, corrections, disarmament, demobilization and reintegration, security sector reform and mine action components of peacekeeping operations
(c) Increased awareness and understanding of the dangers of landmines and explosive remnants of war in affected countries	(c) Reduction in the number of casualties resulting from landmines and explosive remnants of war in affected countries

Strategy

4.19 Substantive responsibility for the subprogramme is vested in the Office of Rule of Law and Security Institutions, which consists of the Police Division, the Mine Action Service, the Criminal Law and Judicial Advisory Service, the Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Section, and the Security Sector Reform Unit.

The strengthening of the rule of law and national security services and institutions in post-conflict societies is essential to building and maintaining sustainable peace and security. The core function of the Office is thus to develop and maintain coherent strategic and operational frameworks, including in the areas of guidance development, operational support, training and partnerships, to facilitate synergy, efficiency and effectiveness when working to strengthen security and the rule of law in the context of peacekeeping and peacebuilding. In that regard, each component develops comprehensive plans and programmes for the reform and development of their respective sectors that take into consideration the relationships between justice and security institutions, legislation, related procedures, necessary infrastructure and relevant gender dimensions. The components of the Office will also strive to support enhanced rule of law and the security-related activities of the Organization as a whole, by acting as the leading United Nations entity or focal point globally in the areas of police and law enforcement, corrections and mine action and in the strengthening of national justice systems and institutions in peacekeeping settings, as well as acting as co-chair of the respective United Nations inter-agency bodies established in the areas of security sector reform, disarmament, demobilization and reintegration and mine action. The Office will actively engage regional and subregional organizations, Member States, leading academics, institutions and donors on all aspects of rule of law and security issues and will support the development and dissemination of lessons learned and best practices. It will also strengthen its engagement with Member States and regional and national peacekeeping training centres on current training practices, security institution standards, and training guidelines and materials for police, justice, corrections and other officers. In addition, the components of the Office will continue to develop value added partnerships with United Nations and other relevant international and national actors.

Subprogramme 4
Policy, evaluation and training

Objective of the Organization: To provide the policy, guidance and training tools essential for the United Nations, its Member States and multilateral partners to plan, establish and sustain effective and efficient peacekeeping operations in accordance with Security Council mandates and relevant General Assemble resolutions

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	Indicators of achievement
Provision and distribution of timely policy guidance, standard operating procedures and training standards and tools that are consistent with United Nations principles and reflect lessons learned	(i) Number of web-based materials on policy guidance, lessons learned and best practices downloaded by peacekeeping practitioners, including those in peacekeeping missions, Member States and regional and multilateral organizations, from the Department's Peace Operations Policy and Practice Database and Peacekeeping Resource Hub

(ii) Percentage of peacekeeping training standards developed and made available to Member States, field operations, regional partners and training institutions to support predeployment, induction and ongoing training

Strategy

4.20 Substantive responsibility for the subprogramme is vested in the Policy, Evaluation and Training Division, which will provide an integrated capacity for the development of peacekeeping doctrine and guidance, informed by the systematic documentation of best practices and lessons learned; the provision of strategic guidance for standardized peacekeeping training based on doctrine and best practices; and the evaluation of mission performance in implementing mandates. The Division will provide services to the Department of Peacekeeping Operations, the Department of Field Support, field missions and Member States, thus ensuring the integration of substantive and support functions in guidance development, training and evaluation and providing a common platform for policy, guidance material, training and evaluation at Headquarters and in the field.

4.21 The aim of the above-mentioned capacity is to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of peacekeeping field operations and support from Headquarters through the institutional strengthening of peacekeeping. The Division will develop and disseminate peacekeeping doctrine (policies, practices and standard operating procedures), support the doctrine development process within the subprogrammes of both Departments and support the continued development of the Intranet as the principal means for sharing knowledge and providing guidance material to staff in the field. Working in close cooperation with Member States and regional organizations, the Division will provide training standards and support for training programmes intended to prepare peacekeepers to perform their functions in field missions and at Headquarters. The Division will support the development of peacekeeping training capacity in Member States, particularly in current and emerging troop- and police-contributing countries. The Division will identify potential peacekeeping partners and develop frameworks to enable existing United Nations and non-United Nations partners, in accordance with established procedures, to cooperate in peacekeeping operations in a complementary manner. The Division will evaluate peacekeeping performance, with the results of the evaluations being used to guide follow-on remedial measures, including policy revision and development and training, in both Departments and in field missions.

Subprogramme 5
Field administrative support

Objective of the Organization: To enable United Nations peacekeeping operations and other United Nations field missions to fulfil their mandates efficiently and effectively, as authorized by the Security Council and the General Assembly

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	Indicators of achievement
(a) Rapid deployment and establishment of peacekeeping operations in response to Security Council mandates	(a) Increased percentage of missions that meet the projected incumbency rates set in the context of approved mission plans and budgets
(b) Increased efficiency and effectiveness of peacekeeping operations	(b) (i) Increased mobility through a reduction in the number of international staff serving for more than five years in the same duty station (ii) Increased percentage of international female staff serving in peace operations (iii) Maintenance of a three-month average processing time frame (from receipt of the mission-certified claim to its approval by the Department) for contingent-owned equipment claims
(c) More timely reporting of allegations of misconduct	(c) All allegations of serious misconduct recorded by peacekeeping operations in the Misconduct Tracking System within seven days of receipt

Strategy

4.22 Within the Department of Field Support, responsibility for the subprogramme is vested in the Field Personnel Division and Field Budget and Finance Division, whose activities include support for peacekeeping and other field operations in the areas of personnel, budget and finance. Responsibility for training, monitoring, reviewing and advising on conduct and discipline matters relating to all categories of personnel also falls under the subprogramme.

4.23 The Field Personnel Division's mission is to enable peacekeeping operations to fulfil their mandates by developing guidance, monitoring, and mission and workforce planning to maintain a high-quality civilian workforce through policy implementation guidance, organizational design and classification, self-monitoring, information management, outreach, roster maintenance and succession management. The Division also provides direct support in the functional areas of travel and administration (including onboarding) to all field operations for those areas in which they do not have fully delegated human resources management authority. The priorities of the Field Personnel Division for 2014-2015 are to improve the capacity of field missions to administer themselves, to strengthen the Department's capability to plan the rapid deployment of highly qualified personnel, to improve the representation of

troop- and police-contributing countries and gender at all levels, to provide opportunities for national capacity-building, and to implement staff development and performance assessment practices that produce confident and competent managers of financial, human and physical resources, thus assuring high-quality support to field operations.

4.24 In accordance with the service delivery model of the global field support strategy, functions are being relocated from the Field Personnel Division to locations that are geographically closer to the supported field-based missions through the transfer of the majority of operational and transactional functions to the Global Service Centre and the Regional Service Centre in Entebbe, Uganda.

4.25 The Field Budget and Finance Division will support missions in preparing budget proposals and performance reports to enable the effective and efficient fulfilment of their mandates and to respond to changing circumstances on the ground or changes in mandates, including liquidation. The support provided will include Abacus team visits to field operations to improve the quality of information and timeliness of budget preparation, including improved results-based budgeting, staffing and cost estimates. The Division will ensure the timely processing of troop- and police-contributing countries' claims for contingent-owned equipment.

4.26 The Field Budget and Finance Division will continue to focus its programme of work and client support on the following core objectives: coordination of guidance and policy with regard to budgetary and financial issues and processes; targeted and cross-portfolio analysis of major resourcing requirements and developments for more cost-effective field operations; development and implementation of programmes and other initiatives to strengthen field financial capacity and address emerging changes in demand, procedures, practices and requirements; and support to legislative bodies considering financial matters and to Member States contributing troops and police contingents. The programme of work of the Division in 2014-2015 will be informed by the implementation of the global field support strategy and the introduction of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards and Umoja, the enterprise resource planning system. Such initiatives will begin to shape a fundamental change in the way resources in field operations are managed and reported.

4.27 Responsibility for training, monitoring, reviewing and advising on conduct and discipline matters relating to all categories of personnel also falls under the subprogramme. Continued emphasis will be placed on the prevention of misconduct, in particular through the provision of training materials to Member States and peacekeeping operations, for training in United Nations standards of conduct, including mandatory training for all categories of personnel on sexual exploitation and abuse. Monitoring, review and provision of policy guidance and oversight on United Nations standards of conduct; advice on conduct and discipline matters relating to all categories of personnel; and assistance with appropriate follow-up to allegations of misconduct will continue. Assistance and support to the inter-agency efforts on protection from sexual exploitation and abuse and on assistance to victims will be provided.

Subprogramme 6
Integrated support services

Objective of the Organization: To ensure continuous access by field missions to systems contracts for information and communications technology equipment and services

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	Indicators of achievement
(a) Reduction of the time required to plan, rapidly deploy and establish peacekeeping and other operations in response to Security Council mandates	(a) (i) Identification and deployment of strategic deployment stocks and other logistic equipment capable of supporting start-up teams and initial troop and police deployments, within 90 days of Security Council mandates
	(ii) Development of full information and communications technology capabilities, including secure voice, data and video services, within 20 hours of the arrival of equipment and personnel
(b) Increased efficiency and effectiveness of peacekeeping operations and special political missions supported by the Department of Field Support	(b) (i) Missions have access to valid systems contracts with sufficient not-to-exceed amounts, 365 days of the year
	(ii) Wide area network functions 99.8 per cent of the time

Strategy

4.28 Within the Department of Field Support, substantive responsibility for the subprogramme is vested in the Logistics Support Division and the Information and Communications Technology Division. The activities of those offices include the provision of equipment and services to missions, enabling the effective, timely and efficient fulfilment of their mandates. Under the subprogramme, the Department will provide integrated support services to missions as required and develop responsive mechanisms to address changing circumstances on the ground or changes in mandate. It will work towards ensuring pre-emptive operational readiness and will strive to be more effectively placed to prioritize the timely deployment of material resources, as well as optimize United Nations acquisition management and its material resource utilization. It will continue to monitor and provide policy guidance and oversight on the delivery of integrated support to the field missions.

4.29 In accordance with the global field support strategy, some functions were transferred from the Logistics Support Division to the Global Service Centre. On the basis of the new service delivery model of the global field support strategy, further redeployments to the Global Service Centre will be taking place, allowing the Division to focus on oversight, quality assurance, policy and strategy functions, with the Centre assuming responsibility for direct mission support activities.

B. Peacekeeping missions

1. United Nations Truce Supervision Organization

Objective of the Organization: To observe and maintain the unconditional ceasefire and assist the parties to the 1949 Armistice Agreements in supervision of the application and observance of the terms of those Agreements

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	Indicators of achievement
The Security Council is informed in a timely manner of non-compliance with its resolutions	Timely submission of observation reports to the Secretary-General

Strategy

4.30 The United Nations Truce Supervision Organization will continue to implement its current core functions of observer deployment, and of maintaining liaison with the regional authorities under its regional mandate. It will continue to provide trained military observers under the operational control of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force and the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon, assisting with the implementation of their respective mandates. It will maintain its observer presence in Egypt through a liaison office, as well as conduct a minimum acceptable level of patrols.

4.31 The mission will continue to provide timely and accurate observation reports and analysis of political developments mission-wide, including the safety and security situation. It will also continue to exercise command, administrative, logistical and security support to all outstations and liaison offices, and at its headquarters in Jerusalem. In addition, it will continue to use the good offices of the head of mission to strengthen and improve the relationships between Israel and its neighbouring countries. The mission will also continue to maintain and improve effective liaison with the ambassadorial and consular representatives of troop- and police-contributing countries, and with regional United Nations organizations. Furthermore, it will continue to develop contingency planning to address changes in the military and/or political situation in its area of operation.

2. United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan

Objective of the Organization: To monitor developments pertaining to ceasefire violations along the line of control in accordance with the mandate of the United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan contained in Security Council resolution 307 (1971)

Expected accomplishments of the Secretariat	Indicators of achievement
(a) The presence of United Nations military observers in established field stations on both sides of the line of control to monitor ceasefire violations	(a) Percentage of incidents/violations reported to United Nations Headquarters in a timely manner

(b) Effective and efficient patrolling and inspection and investigation of ceasefire violations	(b) (i) Number of operational patrols with free and secure access to notified areas to the extent permitted by the host countries (ii) Investigation of all complaints that can be investigated under the purview of the United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan and with the full cooperation of both parties

Strategy

4.32 The United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan will continue to provide timely and detailed routine as well as ad hoc reports on relevant developments in its area of operations in accordance with the implementation of its mandate.

4.33 The mission will continue to maintain military observers at all its operational field stations on both sides of the line of control, conduct efficient patrols and effective inspections and investigations of the alleged violations of the ceasefire and, to the extent permitted by the host countries, perform field tasks in the vicinity of the line of control from the field stations.

Legislative mandates

A. Peacekeeping operations

General Assembly resolutions

49/233 A and 52/230	Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations
61/276	Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations: cross-cutting issues
64/271	Support account for peacekeeping operations
65/289	Cross-cutting issues
65/290	Strengthening the capacity of the United Nations to manage and sustain peacekeeping operations
65/310	Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects
66/69	Assistance in mine action
66/246	Questions relating to the proposed programme budget for the biennium 2012-2013
66/248	Programme budget for the biennium 2012-2013

B. Peacekeeping missions

1. United Nations Truce Supervision Organization

Security Council resolutions

50 (1948)	Cessation of hostilities in Palestine
54 (1948)	Situation in Palestine
73 (1949)	Armistice Agreements concluded by the parties involved in the conflict in Palestine

2. United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan

Security Council resolutions

39 (1948)	Establishment of a commission on the situation between India and Pakistan
47 (1948)	Restoration of peace and order in Jammu and Kashmir and the holding of a plebiscite
91 (1951)	Appointment of a United Nations Representative for India and Pakistan
307 (1971)	Observation of a durable ceasefire and cessation of hostilities in Jammu and Kashmir